

Instructor

- William Bechtel
 - Office: HSS 8073
 - Office Hours: Wednesday, 5:00 6:00 pm
 - Email for this course:

phil12@mechanism.ucsd.edu

Sections

A01 Monday, 4 pm

Tanya Hall HSS 7055

tahall@ucsd.edu

MW: 2:30-3:30 and by appointment

A02 Monday, 5 pm

Tanya Hall HSS 7055

HSS 7055 tahall@ucsd.edu

MW: 2:30-3:30 and by appointment

A03 Wednesday, 1 pm

Toyoma Sato HSS 8089

tosato@ucsd.edu

MW: 3:30-4:30 and by appointment

A04 Wednesday, 5 pm

Toyoma Sato HSS 8089

tosato@ucsd.edu

MW: 3:30-4:30 and by appointment

Course Website

http://mechanism.ucsd.edu/teaching/F12/phil12/index.html

- Syllabus
- Schedule of classes and readings.
- Links to
 - Lecture slides
 - . Study guides for exams
 - · Paper assignments

Course Requirements

- 1. Web-based exercises (5%)
 - These are scored for doing them, not for correctness of answer
- 2. Lecture participation (10%)
 - Clicker scores: two points for answering a question, a third for answering it correctly
- 3. Section participation (5%)
 - Quizzes and participating in discussion
- Two short (1-2 page) papers (15%@; 30% total)
- 5. Midterm exam (25%)
- 6. Final Exam (25%)
 - Exams will include multiple choice, short answer, and short essay questions

Inquiry Website

- Inquiry website: http://inquiry.ucsd.edu
- Login directions and initial login code found in printed course reader, Inquiry into Scientific Reasoning, available at Price Center bookstore
 - be sure you buy a new reader--used initial logins cannot be reused
- Printed reader doesn't include all course material--website has text, animation, interactive exercises, and questions

Web-site Assignments

- Readings are titles of modules you're expected to complete before that day's lecture
- October 1 : Introduction: The Inquiry Website and Exemplary Scientific Reasoning
 - October 3: Elements of science: Introduction to Scientific Reasoning, Statements: the atoms of reasoning; Justification and argument
- October 8: Valid arguments: Some basic valid argument forms
 October 10: Confirmation, falsification, and fallibility: Evidential
 relations; The fallible character of human knowledge
- October 15: Observation and categories: Observation and learning to see
 October 17: Categorizing phenomena: Categories and taxonomy
- October 22: Observational research: Observational research
 October 24: Distributions and samples: Variables and measurement

Interactive Exercises single of series calcinose is bring at a period and affice is spring at a democrat, or a single of the series that endouse the previous or the standards of an expureer. For exercise, if a presentation that in the provision of the endouse of the series, if the defines attempt stand the standards in the development of the equipment. Userand, if the defines attempt series in the definition of an expurience continues, if the defines attempt series attempt series that the following services. What word, there makes a very failure is a premiar for the between personal services; if the end is instant only the services are serviced as a premiar for the continues; if the end is instant only the service of the premiar memory is very failure. The entiness testimony is of limited value. There will never included a service for service and heavy you see our investigation the premiar memory is the service of the premiar memory in the service is the premiar and the premiar memory in the service of the premiar in the premiar of the premiar in the premiar of the premiar in the service of the premiar in the

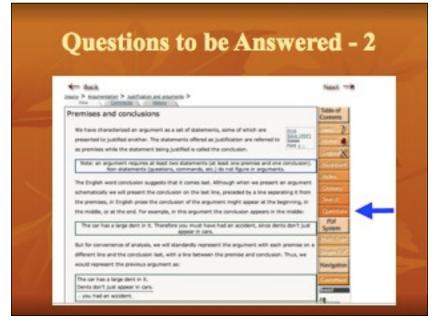
Questions to be Answered

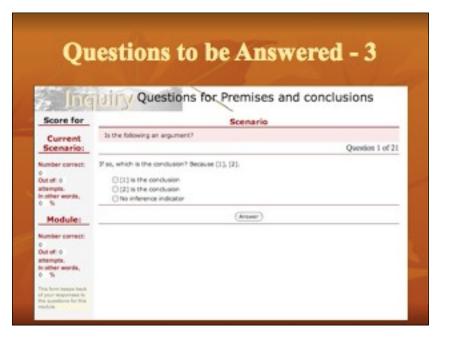
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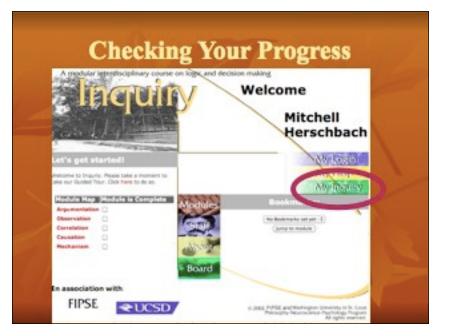
By evidence bestimony is of limited value (allies).

Chosen (and house)

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Basic Operation of i>Clicker



- Turn on the clicker by pressing the bottom "On/Off" button.
 - Text will appear in the window at the top of the remote.
- Set frequency to
 - While clicker is off, hold power button until flashing text appears
 - then press the two letter code
- When I ask a question in class (and start the timer), select A, B, C, D, or E as your answer.

How do you know your answer was received?



- In the window next to to the answer you submitted a check mark will appear
- You can vote early and often, but only your last answer will be scored
 - As long as the timer is going, you can change your answer by simply voting again

Registering your i>clicker

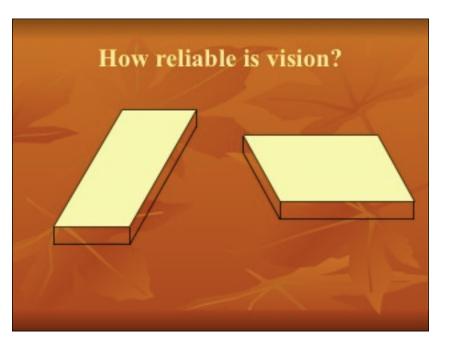
- In order to earn points for your i>clicker responses, you must register your i>clicker online (but don't worry, you will still get the points from before registration).
 - · Go to www.iclicker.com/registration
 - Fill in:
 - your name
 - your PID (student ID) number
 - your clicker ID (located on the back of your clicker, below the scan code)
 - click ENTER

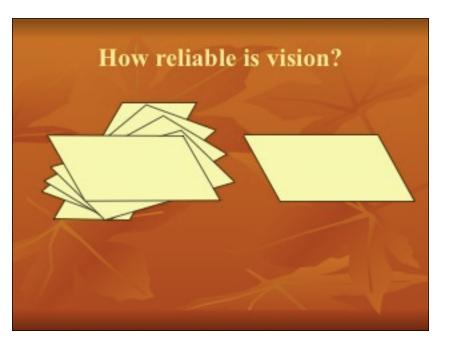


Other i>clicker information

- Before using a new clicker for the first time, pull the plastic tab out of the battery compartment.
- Check out www.iclicker.com for FAQs
- Email support@iclicker.com or phone 866-209-5698 for help







How good is human reason?

Behind one of these doors I have hidden money, behind the other two a cat

You get to pick which one to open. But before you open it, I will open one of the other doors, revealing a cat







Now I give you a choice: stay with you first pick, or change to the other Which is the better option?

http://www.shodor.org/interactivate/activities/monty3/

A Bad Doctor's Visit

- You go to see your doctor with a puzzling ailment.
- Your doctor tells you that it is characteristic of a disease that is affecting 1% of the population and if you have it, it means certain death
- There is a simple test she can perform which is accurate 79% of the time (that is, 21% of the time it gives false positives).
 You agree to the test.
- Now your doctor looks really worried. The test came back positive
- How worried should you be? How likely are you to die?
- Answer: your risk of death is 8%!

When is evidence diagnostic?

Data from 250 patients.

- Is dizziness associated with brain tumors?
- · Which information is relevant?

Brain tumor

Dizziness

	Present	Absent	
Present	160	40	
Absent	40	10	



Sensible Policy Making

- You are a member of the health commission and must choose between these two policies
 - Program A: 200 people will be saved
 - Program B: 1/3 chance of saving 600 people and 2/3 chance of saving no one

Sensible Policy Making

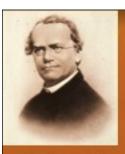
- You are on the disaster management board and must choose one of two options
 - Program C: 400 people will die
 - Program D: 1/3 chance that no one will die and 2/3 chance that 600 people will die

Sensible Policy Making

- You are a member of the health commission and must choose between these two policies
 - Program A: 200 people will be saved 72%
 - Program B: 1/3 chance of saving 600 people and 2/3 chance of saving no one
- You are on the disaster management board and must choose one of two options
 - Program C: 400 people will die
 - Program D: 1/3 chance that no one will die and 2/3 chance that 600 people will die 78%

Exemplary Reasoning in Science

- Heredity Prior to Mendel:
 - The basic idea that offspring are similar to their parents had been obvious to people for ages
 - It also was clear that offspring often differed from their parents
- Animal and plant breeders capitalized on these differences
 - By controlling mating and eliminating undesired organisms, breeders were able to produce plants and animals with desired traits
 - By multiply breeding offspring and eliminating variants, breeders could generate pure breeds



Gregor Mendel



An Augustinian monk, Mendel studied physics and natural science in Vienna, but lived most of his adult life in the cloister at Altbrunn (now Brno in the Czech Republic)

Starting in 1856 he conducted plant breeding experiments in the cloister's garden

Mendel's Breeding Experiments

Choice of peas: naturally self pollinated but easy to crosspollinate

Based on which trait appears regularly in crosses between pure breeding lines with different traits, Mendel introduced the vocabulary of dominant and recessive characters



Mendel's Procedure

Cross-pollinate between pure breeding lines with alternative traits—yellow/green, smooth/dented

All members of the F₁ generation exhibit the dominate traits

Allow members of the F₁ generation to self-pollinate

First Generation from Hybrids

Form of seed	Round / Wrinkled	5474	1850	2.96:1
Color of albumin	Yellow / Green	6022	2001	3.01:1
Color of seed coat	Violet flowers / White flowers	705	224	3.15:1
Form of pods	Inflated / Constricted	822	299	2.95:1
Color of unripe pods	Green / yellow	428	152	2.81:1
Position of flowers	Axial / terminal	651	207	3.14:1
Length of stem	Long / short	787	277	2.84:1

F₂ Generation

Produced by self-fertilization of members of the F₁ generation

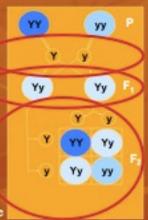
Individuals with recessive traits bred pure

One out of three of those showing the dominant character produced only offspring with the dominant character

Theoretical problem for Mendel—what could explain these and other patterns he found?

Mendel's Hypothesis

- Behind the characters lay factors
 - pollen and egg cells each possessed the factor for either the dominant or recessive trait
- What evidence does Mendel have for these factors?
 - Only that they account for the inheritance pattern he saw and others he predicted
 - Without his hypothesis, these other predictions would not have been made



Features of Mendel's Reasoning

- He designed a study that could reveal structure in the phenomena
- · He found a systematic pattern in the phenomena
- He proposed a hypothesis that could explain the pattern
- He supported this hypothesis by both the pattern he initially observed and others which it predicted. These patterns would otherwise be mysterious!
- Message: Successfully predicting what would otherwise be mysterious is typically the way hypotheses gain support.